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ABSTRACT

This Italian phrasebook is intended as a guide to pronunciation and useful words and phrases. All entries are given first in English, followed by the Italian word in simplified English phonetic spelling, with the Italian spelling in parentheses. The "Useful Words and Phrases," dealing with subjects such as directions, greetings, numbers, and requests, are followed by "Additional Expressions" and "Fill-in Sentences." "Important Signs" and an alphabetical English-Italian word list complete the phrasebook. (AM)

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ITALIAN

A GUIDE TO THE SPOKEN LANGUAGE

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH,
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ITALIAN LANGUAGE GUIDE

Italian is spoken by over 45 million people in Italy, in Libya, and in former Italian West Africa. There are a number of local variations of Italian and sometimes you will hear people speaking in a way that seems quite different from what is shown in this Guide. However, almost everybody also speaks, or at least understands, the form of Italian given here, which is the one taught in the Italian schools.

How to Use the Records* and Guide

This *Guide* is not intended to give you a complete command of the Italian language. For a thorough

*Records no longer available.

course in Italian, write to the United States Armed Forces Institute, Madison, Wisconsin. Even without a thorough course, however, the simple instructions presented in this hand-book will enable you to carry on ordinary conversations in the language.

The records that go with this *Guide* give you a number of the most important words and phrases in Italian. Read the section called *Hints on Pronunciation* and then listen to the records until you know the *Useful Words and Phrases* by heart. Repeat each word out loud right after you hear it and say it exactly the way the Italian speaker does. Imitate the pronunciation as closely as you can, just as you might mimic someone who has an unusual accent. Try to get every detail of the pronunciation, even the rhythm and inflection of the voice. Follow the words in your *Guide* but use them only as a reminder; if you hear something different from what you see written, go by what you hear. Remember that you can't get the sound of a language from the printed word alone—you have to use your ears much more than your eyes. If you don't have the records and can't get an Italian

speaker to read the words, you will have to rely on the *Hints on Pronunciation* alone.

By the time you have practiced the *Useful Words and Phrases* several times, you will know what sound each letter stands for in the *Guide*. You will then be able to pronounce the *Additional Expressions* even though you have not actually heard them, and you will be able to form sentences of your own by using the section called *Fill-In Sentences*.

Hints on Pronunciation

You will find all the words and phrases written both in Italian spelling and in a simplified spelling which you read like English. Don't use the Italian spelling, the one given in parentheses, unless you have studied Italian before. *Read the simplified spelling as though it were English.* When you see the Italian word for "excuse me" spelled *SKOO-za*, give the *oo* the sound it has in the English words *too*, *boot*, etc. and not the sound it has in German or any other language you may happen to know.

Each letter or combination of letters is used for the sound it usually stands for in English and it *always*

stands for that sound. Thus, *oo* is always pronounced as it is in *boo, too, boot, tooth, roost,* never as anything else. Say these words and then pronounce the vowel sound by itself. That is the sound you must use every time you see *oo* in the *Pronunciation* column. If you should use some other sound—for example, the sound of *oo* in *blood*—you might be misunderstood.

Syllables that are accented, that is, pronounced louder than others, are written in capital letters. In Italian unaccented syllables are not skipped over quickly, as they are in English. Hyphens are used to divide words into syllables in order to make them easier to pronounce. Curved lines (‿) are used to show sounds that are pronounced together without any break; for example, *beek-K‿YAY-ray* meaning "glass," *D‿YAY-chee* meaning "ten."

Special Points

AY — as in *may, say, play* but don't drawl it the way we do in English. Since it is not drawled it sounds almost like the *e* in *let*. Example: *do-VA Y* meaning "where is?"

O *or* OH — as in *go, so, oh, note, joke* but don't drawl it the way we do in English. Since it is not drawled it sounds somewhat like the *aw* in *law*. Example: *NO* meaning "no."

USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

The following is the exact wording of the Italian Language Records issued with this *Guide*.

> These records give you a few useful phrases in Italian. The phrases and other words you will need are found also in the pamphlet which should be used with these records. To learn to imitate the sounds of Italian, you should listen to the records at least six or seven times. The English will be given first, followed by the Italian. Then repeat the Italian out loud, and say it *good and loud*. Remember! Repeat every Italian phrase right after you hear it. Words, greetings and general phrases which are useful, and should be memorized, are given first.

GREETINGS AND GENERAL PHRASES

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
Good morning *or* **Good day**	*bwohn JOR-no* (Buon giorno)
Good evening	*BWO-na SA Y-ra* (Buona sera)
Sir *or* **Mister**	*seen-YO-ray* (signore)
Madam	*seen-YO-ra* (signora)
Miss	*seen-yo-REE-na* (signorina)

Italians have two phrases for "please" which they use very often. They are:

Please	*payr p_ya-CHA Y-ray* (per piacere)
or	*payr fa-VO-ray* (per favore)
Excuse me	*SKOO-za* (scusa)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
Thank you	*GRAHTS-yay* (grazie)
Yes	*SEE* (sì)
No	*NO* (no)
Do you understand?	*ah-VA Y-tay ka-PEE-to?* (Avete capito?)
I don't understand	*NOHN ka-PEE-sko* (Non capisco)
Speak slowly	*par-LA-tay ah-DA-jo* (Parlate adagio)

LOCATION

When you need directions to get somewhere you use the phrase "where is" and then add the words you need.

Where is	[*DO-vay A Y*] *do VA Y* ([Dove è] Dov'è)
the restaurant?	*eel ress-to-RAHN* (il restaurant)
Where is the restaurant?	[*DO-vay A Y*] *do-VA Y eel ress-to-RAHN?* ([Dove è] Dov'è il restaurant?)
hotel	*o-TEL* (hotel)
or	*ahl-BA YR-go* (albergo)
Where is a hotel?	[*DO-vay A Y*] *do-VA Y lo-TEL?* ([Dove è] Dov'è l'hotel?)
or	[*DO-vay A Y*] *do-VA Y lahl-BA YR-go?* ([Dove è] Dov'è l'albergo?)
the railroad station	*la stahts-YO-nay* (la stazione)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
Where is the railroad station?	[*DO-vay A Y*] *do-VA Y la stahts-YO-nay?* ([Dove è] Dov'è la stazione?)
a toilet	*eel ga-bee-NET-to* il gabinetto
Where is a toilet?	[*DO-vay-A Y*] *do-VA Y eel ga-bee-NET-to?* ([Dove è] Dov'è il gabinetto?)

DIRECTIONS

The answer to your question "Where is such and such" may be "Turn right," or "Turn left" or "Straight ahead," so you need to know these phrases:

Turn right	*JEE-ra ah DESS-tra*	(Gira a destra)
Turn left	*JEE-ra ah see-NEE-stra*	(Gira a sinistra)
Straight ahead	*SEM-pray dee-REET-to*	(Sempre diritto)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*	

It is sometimes useful to say "Please point."

Please point	*een-dee-KA-tay-mee, payr fa-VO-ray* (Indicatemi, per favore)	

If you are driving and ask the distance to another town it will be given to you in kilometers, not miles.

Kilometers	*kee-LO-may-tree*	chilometri

One kilometer equals ⅝ of a mile.

NUMBERS

You need to know the numbers.

One	*OO-no*	uno
Two	*DOO-ay*	due
Three	*TRAY*	tre
Four	*KWAHT-tro*	quattro
Five	*CHEEN-kway*	cinque
Six	*SAY*	sei
Seven	*SET-tay*	sette
Eight	*OHT-to*	otto
Nine	*NO-vay*	nove
Ten	*D‿YAY-chee*	dieci
Eleven	*OON-dee-chee*	undici

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*	
Twelve	*DO-dee-chee*	dodici
Thirteen	*TRAY-dee-chee*	tredici
Fourteen	*kwahnt-TOR-dee-chee*	quattordici
Fifteen	*KWEEN-dee-chee*	quindici
Sixteen	*SAY-dee-chee*	sedici
Seventeen	*dee-chahss-SET-tay*	diciassette
Eighteen	*dee-CHOHT-to*	diciotto
Nineteen	*dee-chahn-NO-vay*	diciannove
Twenty	*VEN-tee*	venti
Twenty-one	*ven-TOO-no*	ventuno
Twenty-two	*ven-tee-DOO-ay*	ventidue (and so forth)
Thirty	*TREN-ta*	trenta
Thirty-one	*tren-TOO-no*	trentuno
Thirty-two	*tren-ta-DOO-ay*	trentadue (and so forth)
Forty	*kwa-RAHN-ta*	quaranta
Fifty	*cheen-KWAHN-ta*	cinquanta
Sixty	*sess-SAHN-ta*	sessanta
Seventy	*set-TAHN-ta*	settanta

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*	
Eighty	*oht-TAHN-ta*	ottanta
Ninety	*no-VAHN-ta*	novanta
Hundred	*CHEN-to*	cento
Thousand	*MEEL-lay*	mille

WHAT'S THIS?

When you want to know the name of something you can say "What's this?" and point to the thing you mean.

What is	*[KO-za A Y] ko-ZA Y*	([Cosa è] Cos'è)
this	*KWESS-to*	(questo)
What's this?	*[KO-za A Y] ko-ZA Y KWESS-to?*	([Cosa è] Cos'è questo?)

ASKING FOR THINGS

When you want something, you can say "I want" and add the name of the thing wanted.

I want	*EE_o day-ZEE-day-ro*	(Io desidero)
or	*EE_o VOHL-yo*	(Io voglio)
cigarettes	*see-ga-RET-tay*	(sigarette)
I want cigarettes	*EE_o day-ZEE-day-ro see-ga-RET-tay*	(Io desidero sigarette)
to eat	*mahn-JA-ray*	(mangiare)
I want to eat	*EE_o day-ZEE-day-ro mahn-JA-ray*	(Io desidero mangiare)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*

Here are the words for some of the things you may require:

bread	*PA-nay* (pane)
butter	*BOOR-ro* (burro)
soup	*mee-NESS-tra* (minestra)
fish	*PAY-shay* (pesce)
meat	*KAR-nay* (carne)
steak	*bee-STEK-ka* (bistecca)
lamb	*ahn-YEL-lo* (agnello)
veal	*vee-TEL-lo* (vitello)
pork	*ma-YA-lay* (maiale)
beef	*MAHN-dzo* (manzo)
chicken	*POHL-lo* (pollo)
eggs	*WO-va* (uova)
fruit	*FROOT-ta* (frutta)
vegetables	*vayr-DOO-ra* (verdura)
or	*lay-GOO-mee* (legumi)
potatoes	*pa-TA-tay* (patate)
beans	*fa-JO-lee* (fagioli)
sugar	*TSOOK-kay-ro* (zucchero)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
salt	*SA-lay* (sale)
pepper	*PAY-pay* (pepe)
rice	*REE-zo* (riso)
salad	*een-sa-LA-ta* (insalata)
tomato	*po-mo-DO-ro* (pomodoro)
orange	*ah-RAHN-cha* (arancia)
lemon	*lee-MO-nay* (limone)
milk	*LAHT-tay* (latte)
ice cream	*jay-LA-to* (gelato)
chocolate	*chohk-ko-LA-ta* (cioccolata)
tobacco	*ta-BAHK-ko* (tabacco)
drinking water	*AHK-kwa po-TA-bee-lay* (acqua potabile)
cup of tea	*TAHT-tsa dee TAY* (tazza di tè)
cup of coffee	*TAHT-tsa dee kahf-FAY* (tazza di caffè)
glass of beer	*beek-K‿YAY-ray dee BEER-ra* (bicchiere di birra)
bottle of wine	*F‿YA-sko dee VEE-no* (fiasco di vino)
matches	*f‿yahm-MEE-fay-ree* (fiammiferi)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*	

MONEY

To find out how much things cost you say "How much costs?"

How much	*KWAHN-to*	Quanto
costs	*KO-sta*	costa
How much does this cost?	*KWAHN-to KO-sta?*	Quanto costa?

The answer will be given to you in "centesimi" or "lire."

centesimi	*chen-TAY-zee-mee*	centesimi
lire	*LEE-ray*	lire

TIME

To find out what time it is you say "What hour is it?"

What time is it? *kay O-ra AY?* (Che ora è?)

For "Two o'clock" you say "They are the two."

Two o'clock *SO-no lay DOO-ay* (sono le due)

"Ten past two" is "The two and ten."

Ten past two *lay DOO-ay ay D_YAY-chee* (le due e dieci)

"Quarter past five" is "The five and a quarter."

Quarter past five *lay CHEEN-kway ay oon KWAHR-to* (le cinque e un quarto)

"Half past six" is "The six and a half."

Half past six *lay SAY ay MED-dza* (le sei e mezza)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
	"Quarter of eight" is "The eight minus a quarter."
Quarter of eight	*lay OHT-to MAY-no oon KWAR-to* (le otto meno un quarto)
	You may also say:
	oon KWAR-to AHL-lay OHT-to (un quarto alle otto)
	"Three minutes to nine" is "The nine minus three."
Three minutes to nine	*lay NO-vay MAY-no TRAY* (le nove meno tre)

If you want to know when a movie starts or when the train leaves you say:

At what hour	*ah KAY O-ra* (A che ora)
begins	*ko-MEEN-cha* (comincia)
the film	*eel FEELM* (il film)
When does the movie start?	*ah KAY O-ra ko-MEEN-cha eel FEELM?* (A che ora comincia il film?)
the train	*eel TRAY-no* (il treno)
leaves	*PAR-tay* (parte)
When does the train leave?	*ah KAY O-ra PAR-tay eel TRAY-no?* (A che ora parte il treno?)
Yesterday	*YAY-ree* (ieri)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
Today	*OHD-jee* (oggi)
Tomorrow	*do-MA-nee* (domani)

The days of the week are:

Sunday	*do-MA Y-nee-ka* (domenica)
Monday	*loo-nay-DEE* (lunedì)
Tuesday	*mar-tay-DEE* (martedì)
Wednesday	*mayr-ko-lay-DEE* (mercoledì)
Thursday	*jo-vay-DEE* (giovedì)
Friday	*vay-nayr-DEE* (venerdì)
Saturday	*SA-ba-to* (sabato)

USEFUL PHRASES

The following phrases will be useful:

What is your name?	*KO-may see K‿YA-ma?* (Come si chiama?)
My name is___	*EE‿o mee K‿YA-mo___* (Io mi chiamo___)
How do you say *table* (or anything else) in Italian?	*KO-may see K‿YA-ma* table *een ee-tahl-YA-no?* (Come si chiama *table* in italiano?)
Good-by	*ar-rce-vay-DA YR-chee* (Arrivederci)

ADDITIONS AND NOTES

Another way to say restaurant is:

eel ree-sto-RAHN-tay (il ristorante)

A *F_YA-sko* is a bottle containing 2 liters, equal to about half a gallon. In Italy wine is generally sold in bottles of this size.

Another common way to say the sentence "How do you say *table* in Italian?" is:

KO-may see DEE-chay table *een ee-tahl-YA-no?* (Come si dice *table* in italiano?)

ADDITIONAL EXPRESSIONS

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
I am hungry	*O FA-may* (Ho fame)
I am thirsty	*O SA Y-tay* (Ho sete)
I am well	*STO BA Y-nay* (Sto bene)
Halt!	*AHL-to LA!* (Alto là)
Stop!	*fayr-MA-tay-vee!* (Fermatevi!)
Come here!	*vay-NEE-tay KWEE!* (Venite qui!)
Right away *or* **Quickly**	*PRESS-to* (Presto)
Come quickly!	*vay-NEE-tay PRESS-to!* (Venite presto!)
Go quickly!	*ahn-DA-tay PRESS-to!* (Andate presto!)
Help!	*ah-YOO-to!* (Aiuto!)
Help me	*ah-yoo-TA-tay-mee* (Aiutatemi)
Bring help	*k_ya-MA-tay day sohk-KOR-see* (Chiamate dei soccorsi)
I will pay you	*VEE pa-gay-RO* (Vi pagherò)
Where are the sailors?	DOH-vay SO-no ee mah-ree-N'AH-ee? (Dove sono i marinai?)
Where are the American sailors?	DOH-vay SO-no ee mah-ree-NAH-ee ah-may-ree-KA-nee? (Dove sono i marinai americani?)
Where is the town?	*do-VA Y eel pa-A Y-zay?* (Dov'è il paese?)

English	***Pronunciation and Italian Spelling***
Where is it?	*do-VA Y?* (Dov'è?)
How far is the town?	*ah KA Y deess-TAHN-tsa A Y eel pa-A Y-zay?* (A che distanza è il paese?)
Is it far?	*A Y lohn-TA-no?* (È lontano?)
How far is it?	*ah KA Y dee-STAHN-tsa A Y?* (A che distanza è?)
Which way is north?	*do-VA Y eel NORD?* (Dov'è il nord?)
Which is the road to___?	*kwa-LA Y la STRA-da payr___?* (Qual'è la strada per___?)
Draw me a map	*FA-tay-mee oo-no SKEET-tso* (Fatemi uno schizzo)
Take me there	*ahk-kohm-pahn-YA-tay-mee LA* (Accompagnatemi là)
Take me to a doctor	*ahk-kohm-pahn-YA-tay-mee da oon MA Y-dee-ko* (Accompagnatemi da un medico)
Take me to the hospital	*ahk-kohm-pahn-YA-tay-mee ahl-lo-spay-DA-lay* (Accompagnatemi all'ospedale)
Danger!	*pay-REE-ko-lo!* (Pericolo!)
Watch out!	*ahl-tents-YO-nay!* (Attenzione!)
Gas!	*GAHSS!* (Gas!)
Take cover!	*MET-tayr-see ahl ree-PA-ro!* (Mettersi al riparo!)
Wait a minute!	*ah-spet-TA-tay oon mee-NOO-to!* (Aspettate un minuto!)
Good luck	*BWO-na for-TOO-na* (Buona fortuna)

FILL-IN SENTENCES

In this section you will find a number of sentences, each containing a blank space which can be filled in with any one of the words in the list that follows. For example, in order to say "Where can I get some soap?" look for the phrase "Where can I get___?" in the English column and find the Italian expression given beside it; in this case it is *DO-vay POHSS-so tro-VA-ray*___. Then look for "soap" in the list that follows; the Italian is *del sa-PO-nay*. Put the word for "soap" in the blank space and you get *DO-vay POHSS-so tro-VA-ray del sa-PO-nay?*

English	***Pronunciation and Italian Spelling***
I want___	*day-ZEE-day-ro*___ (Desidero___)
We want___	*day-zee-dayr-YA-mo*___ (Desideriamo___)
Give me___	*DA-tay-mee*___ (Datemi___)
Bring me___	*por-TA-tay-mee*___ (Portatemi___)
Where can I get___**?**	*DO-vay POHSS-so tro-VA-ray*___**?** (Dove posso trovare___?)
I have___	*O*___ (Ho___)
We have___	*ahb-B_YA-mo*___ (Abbiamo___)
I don't have___	*nohn O*___ (Non ho___)
We don't have___	*nohn ahb-B_YA-mo*___ (Non abbiamo___)
Have you___**?**	*ah-VA Y-tay*___*?* (Avete___?)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
	EXAMPLE
I want___	*day-ZEE-day-ro*___ (Desidero___)
food	*da mahn-JA-ray* (da mangiare)
I want food	*day-ZEE-day-ro da mahn-JA-ray* (Desidero da mangiare)
food	*da mahn-JA-ray* (da mangiare)
apples	*MA Y-lay* (mele)
boiled water	*del-LAHK-kwa bohl-LEE-ta* (dell'acqua bollita)
carrots	*ka-RO-tay* (carote)
cucumbers	*chee-tree-O-lee* (citrioli)
grapes	*OO-va* (uva)
ham	*pro-SHOOT-to* (prosciutto)
onions	*chee-POHL-lay* (cipolle)
peas	*pee-ZEL-lee* (piselli)
spinach	*spee-NA-chee* (spinaci)
turnips	*RA-pay* (rape)
(*for other foods see page 10*)	
a cup	*oo-na TAHT-tsa* (una tazza)
a fork	*oo-na for-KET-ta* (una forchetta)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
a glass	*oon beek-K‿YA Y-ray* (un bicchiere)
a knife	*oon kohl-TEL-lo* (un coltello)
a plate	*oon P‿YAHT-to* (un piatto)
a spoon	*oon kook-K‿YA-yo* (un cucchiaio)
a bed	*oon LET-to* (un letto)
blankets	*del-lay ko-PA YR-tay* (delle coperte)
a mattress	*oon ma-tay-RAHSS-so* (un materasso)
a pillow	*oon koo-SHEE-no* (un cuscino)
a room	*oo-na KA-may-ra* (una camera)
sheets	*del-lay lent-SWO-la* (delle lenzuola)
a towel	*oon ah-shoo-ga-MA-no* (un'asciugamano)
cigars	*DA Y-SEE-ga-ree* (dei sigari)
a pipe	*oo-na PEE-pa* (una pipa)
tobacco	*del ta-BAHK-ko* (del tabacco)
pipe tobacco	*ta-BAHK-ko payr PEE-pa* (tabacco per pipa)
a pen	*oo-na PEN-na* (una penna)
a pencil	*oo-na ma-TEE-ta* (una matita)
ink	*del-leenk-YOHS-tro* (dell'inchiostro)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
a comb	*oon PET-tee-nay* (un pettine)
hot water	*del-LAHK-kwa KAHL-da* (dell'acqua calda)
a razor	*oon ra-ZO-yo* (un rasoio)
razor blades	*del-lay LA-may da ra-ZO-yo* (delle lame da rasoio)
a shaving brush	*oon pen-NEL-lo payr BAR-ba* (un pennello per barba)
shaving soap	*del sa-PO-nay payr BAR-ba* (del sapone per barba)
soap	*del sa-PO-nay* (del sapone)
a tooth-brush	*oo-no spat-tso-LEE-no da DEN-tee* (uno spazzolino da denti)
tooth paste	*del-la PA-sta den-tee-FREE-cha* (della pasta dentifricia)
tooth powder	*pohl-VA Y-ray den-tee-FREE-cha* (polvere dentifricia)
a handker-chief	*oon faht-tso-LET-to* (un fazzoletto)
a raincoat	*oon eem-payr-may-AH-bee-lay* (un impermeabile)
a shirt	*oo-na ka-MEE-cha* (una camicia)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
shoe laces	*day LAHT-chee da SKAR-pay* (dei lacci da scarpe)
shoe polish	*del-la CHAY-ra payr SKAR-pay* (della cera per scarpe)
shoes	*del-lay SKAR-pay* (delle scarpe)
undershirt	*oo-na MAHL-ya* (una maglia)
under-shorts	*del-lay moo-TAHN-day* (delle mutande)
a needle	*oon AH-go* (un ago)
buttons	*day boht-TO-nee* (dei bottoni)
safety pins	*dayl-yee SPEEL-lee dee see-koo-RET-tsa* (degli spilli di sicurezza)
thread	*del FEE-lo da koo-CHEE-ray* (del filo da cucire)
adhesive tape	*chay-ROHT-to* (cerotto)
aspirin	*del-la-spee-REE-na* (dell'aspirina)
a bandage	*oo-na BEN-da* (una benda)
cotton	*del ko-TO-nay* (del cotone)
a disinfectant	*oon dee-zeen-fet-TAHN-tay* (un disinfettante)
iodine	*teen-TOO-ra DOHD-yo* (tintura d'odio)
a laxative	*oon lahss-sa-TEE-vo* (un lassativo)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
	EXAMPLE
I want to___	*day-ZEE-day-ro___* (Desidero___)
eat	*mahn-JA-ray* (mangiare)
I want to eat	*day-ZEE-day-ro mahn-JA-ray* (Desidero mangiare)
eat	*mahn-JA-ray* (mangiare)
drink	*BA Y-ray* (bere)
wash up	*la-VAR-mee* (lavarmi)
take a bath	*PREN-day-ray oon BAHN-yo* (prendere un bagno)
rest	*ree'po-ZA-ray* (riposare)
sleep	*dor-MEE-ray* (dormire)
have my hair cut	*FAR-mee tahl-YA-ray ee ka-PEL-lee* (farmi tagliare i capelli)
be shaved	*FAR-mee la BAR-ba* (farmi la barba)
have my clothes washed	*FAR la-VA-ray DEL-la b_yahn-kay REE-ah* (far lavare della biancheria)

A simple way of asking for a haircut in Italian is to use the word for "hair," which is *ka-PEL-lee*. When you want a shave, you can use the word for "beard," *BAR-ba*.

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
Where is there___?	*DO-vay CHA Y___?* (Dove c'è___?)
Where can I find___?	*DO-vay POHSS-so tro-VA-ray___?* (Dove posso trovare___?)

EXAMPLE

Where is there___?	*DO-vay CHA Y___?* (Dove c'è___?)
a barber	*oon barb-YA Y-ray* (un barbiere)
Where is there a barber?	*DO-vay CHA Y oon barb-YA Y-ray?* (Dove c'è un barbiere?)

a barber	*oon barb-YA Y-ray* (un barbiere)
a dentist	*oon den-TEE-sta* (un dentista)
a doctor	*oon MA Y-dee-ko* (un medico)
a mechanic	*oon mek-KA-nee-ko* (un meccanico)
a policeman	*oo-na GWARD-ya* (una guardia)
a porter	*oon fahk-KEE-no* (un facchino)
a servant	*oon ka-mayr-YA Y-ray* (un cameriere)
a shoemaker	*oon kahl-tso-LA-yo* (un calzolaio)
a tailor	*oon SA R-to* (un sarto)
a workman	*oon o-pay-RA-yo* (un operaio)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
a church	*oo-na K_VAY-za* (una chiesa)
a clothing store	*oon nay-GOHTS-yo dee ar-TEE-ko-lee da WO-mo* (un negozio di articoli da uomo)
a drugstore	*oo-na far-ma-CHEE-ah* (una farmacia)
a garage	*oon ga-RAJ* (un garage)
a grocery	*oon nay-GOHTS-yo dee JAY-nay-ree ah-lee-men-TA-ree* (un negozio di generi alimentari)
a house	*oo-na KA-za* (una casa)
a spring	*oo-na sor-JEN-tay* (una sorgente)
a well	*oon POHT-tso* (un pozzo)

Where is___? *do-VAY___?* (Dov'è___?)

EXAMPLE

Where is___? *do-VAY___?* (Dov'è___?)

the bridge *eel POHN-tay* (il ponte)

Where is the bridge? *do-VAY eel POHN-tay?* (Dov'è il ponte?)

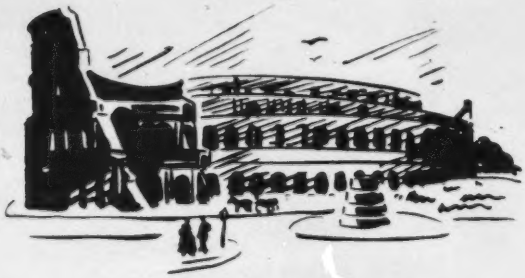
the bridge	*eel POHN-tay* (il ponte)
the bus	*LA_oo-to-booss* (l'autobus)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
the camp	*eel KAHM-po* (il campo)
the city	*la cheet-TA* (la città)
the highway	*la_oo-to-STRA-da* (l'autostrada)
the hospital	*lo-spay-DA-lay* (l'ospedale)
the main street	*la STRA-da preen-chee-PA-lay* (la strada principale)
the market	*eel mayr-KA-to* (il mercato)
the nearest town	*eel pa-A Y-zay P_YOO vee-CHEE-no* (il paese piu vicino)
the police station	*la kwess-TOO-ra* (la questura)
the post office	*loof-FEE-cho po-STA-lay* (l'ufficio postale)
the railroad	*la fayr-ro-VEE-ah* (la ferrovia)
the river	*eel F_YOO-may* (il fiume)
the road	*la STRA-da* (la strada)
the telegraph office	*loof-FEE-cho tay-lay-GRA-fee-ko* (l'ufficio telegrafico)
the telephone	*eel tay-LA Y-fo-no* (il telefono)
the town	*eel pa-A Y-zay* (il paese)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
I am___	*SO-no*___ (Sono___)
He is___	*EL-yee AY*___ (Egli è___)
	EXAMPLE
I am___	*SO-no*___ (Sono___)
an American	*ah-may-ree-KA-no* (americano)
I am an American	*SO-no ah-may-ree-KA-no* (Sono americano)
an American	*ah-may-ree-KA-no* (americano)
sick	*ahm-ma-LA-to* (ammalato)
wounded	*fay-REE-to* (ferito)
lost	*spayr-DOO-to* (sperduto)
tired	*STAHN-ko* (stanco)
We are___	*S◡YA-mo*___ (Siamo___)
They are___	*ESS-see SO-no*___ (Essi sono___)
Are you___?	*S◡YA Y-tay*___? (Siete___?)
	EXAMPLE
We are___	*S◡YA-mo*___ (Siamo___)
Americans	*ah-may-ree-KA-nee* (americani)
We are Americans	*S◡YA-mo ah-may-ree-KA-nee* (Siamo americani)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
Americans	*ah-may-ree-KA-nee* (americani)
sick	*ahm-ma-LA-tee* (ammalati)
wounded	*fay-REE-tee* (feriti)
lost	*spayr-DOO-tee* (sperduti)
tired	*STAHN-kee* (stanchi)

It is___	*A Y*___ (È___)
Is it___?	*A Y*___*?* (È___?)
It is not___	*nohn A Y*___ (Non è___)



English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
	EXAMPLE
It is not___	*nohn A Y*___ (Non è___)
good	*BWO-no* (buono)
It is not good	*nohn A Y BWO-no* (Non è buono)
good	*BWO-no* (buono)
bad	*kahl-TEE-vo* (cattivo)
expensive	*KA-ro* (caro)
too expensive	*TROHP-po KA-ro* (troppo caro)
here	*KWEE* (qui)
there	*LA* (là)
near	*vee-CHEE-no* (vicino)
far	*lohn-TA-no* (lontano)

IMPORTANT SIGNS

Italian	*English*
Alt!	Stop!
Rallentare!	Go Slow!
Pericolo!	Danger!
Senso unico	One Way
Senso vietato	No Thoroughfare
Tenere la destra	Keep to the Right
Strada in costruzione	Road under Construction
Curva pericolosa	Dangerous Curve
A 300 metri arresto	Stop at 300 Meters
Attenti ai treni	Look Out for Locomotive
Pericolo di morte	High Tension Lines (Danger of death)
Incrocio pericoloso	Dangerous Crossing
Passaggio a livello	Grade Crossing
Divieto di parcheggio	No Parking
Vietato l'ingresso	No Admittance
Donne *or* **Signore**	Women
Uomini *or* **Signori**	Men
Vietato fumare	No Smoking
Vietato sputare	No Spitting
Entrata	Entrance
Uscita	Exit

ALPHABETICAL WORD LIST

ALPHABETICAL WORD LIST

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
	A
a	*oon* (un)
or	*oo-na* (una)
adhesive tape	*chay-ROHT-to* (cerotto)
am	
I am	*SO-no* (sono)
American	*ah-may-ree-KA-no* (americano)
Americans	*ah-may-ree-KA-nee* (americani)
American sailors	mah-ree-NAH-ee ah-may-ree-KAH-nee (marinai americani)
and	*ay* (e)
apples	*MA Y-lay* (mele)
are	
Are you?	*S‿YA Y-tay?* (Siete?)
They are	*ESS-see SO-no* (Essi sono)
We are	*S‿YA-mo* (Siamo)
aspirin	*ah-spee-REE-na* (aspirina)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
	B
bad	*kahl-TEE-vo* (cattivo)
bandage	*BEN-da* (benda)
barber	*barb-YA Y-ray* (barbiere)
be shaved	
I want to be shaved	*day-ZEE-dày-ro FAR-mee la BAR-ba* (Desidero farmi la barba)
beans	*fa-JO-lee* (fagioli)
bed	*LET-to* (letto)
beef	*MAHN-dzo* (manzo)
beer	*BEER-ra* (birra)
a glass of beer	*oon beek-K_YA Y-ray dee BEER-ra* (un bicchiere di birra)
blankets	*ko-PA YR-tay* (coperte)
boiled water	*AK-kwa bohl-LEE-ta* (acqua bollita)
bottle	*F_YA-sko* (fiasco)
a bottle of	*oon F_YA-sko dee___* (un fiasco di___)
bread	*PA-nay* (pane)
bridge	*POHN-tay* (ponte)
bring help	*k_ya-MA-tay day sohk-KOR-see* (Chiamate dei soccorsi)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
Bring me___	*por-TA-tay-mee___* (Portatemi___)
brush	
shaving brush	*pen-NEL-lo payr BAR-ba* (pennello per barba)
bus	*A͡oo-to-booss* (autobus)
butter	*BOOR-ro* (burro)
buttons	*boht-TO-nee* (bottoni)

C

camp	*KAHM-po* (campo)
can	
I can	*POHSS-so* (Posso)
carrots	*ka-RO-tay* (carote)
centesimi	*chen-TA Y-zee-mee* (centesimi)
chicken	*POHL-lo* (pollo)
chocolate	*chohk-ko-LA-ta* (cioccolata)
church	*K͡YA Y-za* (chiesa)
cigarettes	*see-ga-RET-tay* (sigarette)
cigars	*SEE-ga-ree* (sigari)
city	*cheet-TA* (città)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
clothing store	*nay-GOHTS-yo dee ar-TEE-ko-lee da WO-mo* (negozio di articoli da uomo)
coffee	*kahf-FAY* (caffe)
a cup of coffee	*oo-na TAHT-tsa dee kahf-FAY* (una tazza di caffè)
comb	*PET-tee-nay* (pettine)
come	*vay-NEE-tay* (venite)
Come here	*vay-NEE-tay KWEE* (Venite qui)
Come quickly	*vay-NEE-tay PRESS-to* (Venite presto)
cost	
it costs	*KO-sta* (costa)
How much does this cost?	*KWAHN-to KO-sta?* (Quanto costa?)
cotton	*ko-TO-nay* (cotone)
cover	
Take cover!	*MET-tayr-see ahl ree-PA-ro!* (Mettersi al riparo!)
cucumbers	*cheet-R_YO-lee* (citrioli)
cup	*TAHT-tsa* (tazza)
a cup of___	*oo-na TAHT-tsa dee___* (una tazza di___)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
	D
Danger!	*pay-REE-ko-lo!* (Pericolo!)
day	*JOR-no* (giorno)
Good day	*bwohn JOR-no* (Buon giorno)
dentist	*den-TEE-sta* (dentista)
disinfectant	*dee-seen-fet-TAHN-tay* (disinfettante)
Do you understand?	*ah-VAY-tay ka-PEE-to?* (Avete capito?)
doctor	*MAY-dee-ko* (medico)
Take me to a doctor	*ahk-kohm-pahn-YA-tay-mee da oon MAY-dee-ko* (Accompagnatemi da un medico)
Draw me a map	*FA-tay-mee oo-no SKEET-tso* (Fatemi uno schizzo)
drink	*BAY-ray* (bere)
drinking water	*AHK-kwa po-TA-bee-lay* (acqua potabile)
drugstore	*far-ma-CHEE-ah* (farmacia)
	E
eat	*mahn-JA-ray* (mangiare)
eggs	*WO-va* (uova)
eight	*OHT-to* (otto)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
eighteer	*dee-CHOHT-to* (diciotto)
eighty	*oht-TAHN-ta* (ottanta)
eleven	*OON-dee-chee* (undici)
evening	*SA Y-ra* (sera)
Good evening	*BWO-na SA Y-ra* (Buona sera)
Excuse me	*SKOO-za* (scusa)
expensive	*KA-ro* (caro)
too expensive	*TROHP-po KA-ro* (troppo caro)

F

far	*lohn-TA-no* (lontano)
How far is it?	*ah KA Y dee-STAHN-tsa A Y?* (A che distanza è?)
Is it far?	*A Y lohn-TA-no?* (È lontano?)
fifteen	*KWEEN-dee-chee* (quindici)
fifty	*cheen-KWAHN-ta* (cinquanta)
find	*tro-VA-ray* (trovare)
Where can I find____?	*DO-vay POHSS-so tro-VA-ray____?* (Dove posso trovare____?)
fish	*PA Y-shay* (pesce)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
five	*CHEEN-kway* (cinque)
food	*da mahn-JA-ray* (da mangiare)
fork	*for-KET-ta* (forchetta)
forty	*kwa-RAHN-ta* (quaranta)
four	*KWAHT-tro* (quattro)
fourteen	*kwaht-TOR-dee-chee* (quattordici)
Friday	*vay-nayr-DEE* (venerdì)
fruit	*FROOT-ta* (frutta)

G

garage	*ga-RAJ* (garage)
Gas!	*GAHSS!* (Gas!)
get	
Where can I get___?	*DO-vay POHSS-so tro-VA-ray___?* (Dove posso trovare___?)
Give me___	*DA-tay-mee___* (Datemi___)
glass	*beek-K‿YA Y-ray* (bicchiere)
a glass of___	*oon beek-K‿YA Y-ray dee___* (un bicchiere di___)
go	*ahn-DA-tay!* (Andate!)
Go quickly	*ahn-DA-tay PRESS-to!* (Andate presto!)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
good	*BWO-no* (buono)
Good day	*bwohn JOR-no* (Buon giorno)
Good evening	*BWO-na SA Y-ra* (Buona sera)
Good luck	*BWO-na for-TOO-na* (Buona fortuna)
Good morning	*bwohn JOR-no* (Buon giorno)
Good-by	*ar-ree-vay-DA YR-chee* (Arrivederci)
grapes	*OO-va* (uva)
grocery	*nay-GOHTS-yo dee JA Y-nay-ree ah-lee-men-TA-ree* (negozio di generi alimentari)

H

hair	*ka-PEL-lee* (capelli)
have my hair cut	*FAR-mee tahl-YA-ray ee ka-PEL-lee* (farmi tagliare i capelli)
half	
half past six	*lay SA Y ay MED-dza* (le sei e mezza)
Halt!	*AHL-to LA!* (Alto là!)
ham	*pro-SHOOT-to* (prosciutto)
handkerchief	*faht-tso-LET-to* (fazzoletto)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
have	
Have you?	*ah-VA Y-tay?* (Avete?)
I have	*O* (Ho)
I don't have	*nohn O* (Non ho)
We have	*ahb-B_YA-mo* (Abbiamo)
We don't have	*nohn ahb-B_YA-mo* (Non abbiamo)
have my clothes washed	*FAR la-VA-ray del-la b_yahn-kay-REE-ah* (far lavare della biancheria)
have my hair cut	*FAR-mee tahl-YA-ray ee ka-PEL-lee* (farmi tagliare i capelli)
he	*EL-yee* (egli)
he is	*EL-yee A Y* (Egli è)
Help!	*ah-YOO-to!* (Aiuto!)
Bring help	*k_ya-MA-tay day sohk-KOR-see* (Chiamate dei soccorsi)
Help me	*ah-yoo-TA-tay-mee* (Aiutatemi)
here	*KWEE* (qui)
highway	*a_oo-to-STRA-da* (autostrada)
hospital	*o-spay-DA-lay* (ospedale)
Take me to the hospital	*ahk-kohm-pahn-YA-tay-mee ahl-lo-spay-DA-lay* (Accompagnatemi all'ospedale)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
hot water	*AHK-kwa KAHL-da* (acqua calda)
hotel	*o-TEL* (hotel)
Where is a hotel?	*do-VA Y lo-TEL?* (Dov'è l'hotel?)
house	*KA-sa* (casa)
how	*KO-may* (come)
How do you say___?	*KO-may see K_YA-ma___?* (Come si chiama___?)
or	*KO-may see DEE-chay___?* (Come si dice___?)
How far is it?	*ah KA Y dee-STAHN-tsa A Y?* (A che distanza è?)
How much	*KWAHN-to* (quanto)
How much does this cost?	*KWAHN-to KO-sta?* (Quanto costa?)
hundred	*CHEN-to* (cento)
hungry	
I am hungry	*O FA-may* (Ho fame)

I

I	*EE_o* (io)
I am	*SO-no* (sono)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
I have	*O* (ho)
I don't have	*nohn O* (Non ho)
I want	*day-ZEE-day-ro* (desidero)
or	*VOHL-yo* (voglio)
ice cream	*jay-LA-to* (gelato)
in Italian	*een ee-tahl-YA-no* (in italiano)
ink	*eenk-YO-stro* (inchiostro)
iodine	*teen-TOO-ra DOHD-yo* (tintura d'odio)
is	*A Y* (è)
He is	*EL-yee A Y* (Egli è)
It is	*A Y* (è)
It is not	*nohn A Y* (Non è)
Is it far?	*A Y lohn-TA-no?* (È lontano?)
What is it?	*ko-ZA Y* (Cos'è?)
Where is it?	*do-VA Y?* (Dov'è?)
Where is there___?	*DO-vay CHA Y___?* (Dove c'è___?)
Italian	*ee-tahl-YA-no* (italiano)
in Italian	*een ee-tahl-YA-no* (in italiano)

K

kilometers	*kee-LO-may-tree* (chilometri)
knife	*kohl-TEL-lo* (coltello)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
	L
lamb	*ahn-YEL-lo* (agnello)
laxative	*lahss-sa-TEE-vo* (lassativo)
leave	
it leaves	*PAR-tay* (parte)
left	
Turn left	*JEE-ra ah see-NEE-stra* (Gira a sinistra)
lemon	*lee-MO-nay* (limone)
lire	*LEE-ray* (lire)
lost	*spayr-DOO-to* (sperduto)
or	*spayr-DOO-tee* (sperduti)
luck	*for-TOO-na* (fortuna)
Good luck	*BWO-na for-TOO-na* (Buona fortuna)
	M
madam	*seen-YO-ra* (signora)
main street	*STRA-da preen-chee-PA-lay* (strada principale)
map	*SKEET-tso* (schizzo)
Draw me a map	*FA-tay-mee oo-no SKEET-tso* (Fatemi uno schizzo)
market	*mayr-KA-to* (mercato)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
matches	*f_yahm-MEE-fay-ree* (fiammiferi)
mattress	*ma-tay-RAHSS-so* (materasso)
me	*mee* (mi)
meat	*KA'R-nay* (carne)
mechanic	*mek-KA-nee-ko* (meccanico)
milk	*LAHT-tay* (latte)
minus	*MA Y-no* (meno)
minute	*mee-NOO-to* (minuto)
Wait a minute!	*ah-spet-TA-tay oon mee-NOO-to!* (Aspettate un minuto!)
miss	*seen-yo-REE-na* (signorina)
mister	*seen-YO-ray* (signore)
Monday	*loo-nay-DEE* (lunedì)
mosquito net	*dsahn-dzar-YA Y-ra* (zanzariera)
movie	*FEELM* (film)
When does the movie start?	*ah KA Y O-ra ko-MEEN-cha eel FEELM?* (A che ora comincia il film?)

N

name	
My name is___	*EE_o mee K_YA-mo___* (Io mi chiamo___)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
What is your name?	*KO-may see K_YA-ma?* (Come si chiama?)
near	*vee-CHEE-no* (vicino)
the nearest town	*eel pa-A Y-zay P_YOO vee-CHEE-no* (il paese più vicino)
needle	*AH-go* (ago)
nine	*NO-vay* (nove)
nineteen	*dee-chahn-NO-vay* (diciannove)
ninety	*no-VAHN-ta* (novanta)
no	*NO* (no)
north	*NORD* (nord)
Which way is north?	*do-VA Y eel NORD?* (Dov'e il nord?)
not	*NOHN* (non)

O

of	*dee* (di)
a bottle of wine	*oon F_YA-sko dee VEE-no* (un fiasco di vino)
a cup of coffee	*oo-na TAHT-tsa dee kahf-FA Y* (una tazza di caffè)
a cup of tea	*oo-na TAHT-tsa dee TA Y* (una tazza di tè)
a glass of beer	*oon beek-K_YA Y-ray dee BEER-ra* (un bicchiere di birra)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
quarter of eight	*lay OHT-to MAY-no oon KWAR-to* (le otto meno un quarto)
or	*oon KWAR-to AHL-lay OHT-to* (un quarto alle otto)
one	*OO-no* (uno)
onions	*chee-POHL-lay* (cipolle)
orange	*ah-RAHN-cha* (arancia)

P

past	
half past six	*lay SAY ay MED-dza* (le sei e mezza)
quarter past five	*lay CHEEN-kway ay oon KWAR-to* (le cinque e un quarto)
ten past two	*lay DOO-ay ay D_YAY-chee* (le due e dieci)
pay	
I will pay you	*VEE pa-gay-RO* (Vi pagherò)
peas	*pee-ZEL-lee* (piselli)
pen	*PEN-na* (penna)
pencil	*ma-TEE-ta* (matita)
pepper	*PAY-pay* (pepe)
pillow	*koo-SHEE-no* (cuscino)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
pins	*SPEEL-lee* (spilli)
safety pins	*SPEEL-lee dee see-koo-RET-tsa* (spilli di sicurezza)
pipe	*PEE-pa* (pipa)
pipe tobacco	*ta-BAHK-ko payr PEE-pa* (tabacco per pipa)
plate	*P‿YAHT-to* (piatto)
please	*payr fa-VO-ray* (per favore)
or	*payr p‿ya-CHA Y-ray* (per piacere)
point	
Point it out to me	*een-dee-KA-tay-mee* (Indicatemi)
police station	*kwess-TOO-ra* (questura)
policeman	*GWARD-ya* (guardia)
pork	*ma-YA-lay* (maiale)
porter	*fahk-KEE-no* (facchino)
post office	*oof-FEE-cho po-STA-lay* (ufficio postale)
potatoes	*pa-TA-tay* (patate)

Q

quarter	*KWAR-to* (quarto)
quarter of eight	*lay OHT-to MA Y-no oon KWAR-to* (le otto meno un quarto)
or	*oon KWAR-to AHL-lay OHT-to* (un quarto alle otto)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
quarter past five	*lay CHEEN-kway ay oon KWAR-to* (le cinque e un quarto)
quickly	*PRESS-to* (presto)
Come quickly!	*vay-NEE-tay PRESS-to!* (Venite presto!)
Go quickly!	*ahn-DA-tay PRESS-to!* (Andate presto!)

R

railroad	*fayr-ro-VEE-ah* (ferrovia)
railroad station	*stahts-YO-nay* (stazione)
rain coat	*eem-payr-may-AH-bee-lay* (impermeabile)
razor	*ra-ZO-yo* (rasoio)
razor blades	*LA-may da ra-ZO-yo* (lame da rasoio)
rest	*ree-po-ZA-ray* (riposare)
restaurant	*ress-to-RAHN* (restaurant)
or	*ree-sto-RAHN-tay* (ristorante)
Where is the restaurant?	*do-VA Y eel ress-to-RAHN?* (Dov'è il restaurant?)
rice	*REE-zo* (riso)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
right	
Turn right	*JEE-ra ah DESS-tra* (Gira a destra)
right away	*PRESS-to* (presto)
river	*F‿YOO-may* (fiume)
road	*STRA-da* (strada)
room	*KA-may-ra* (camera)

safety pins	*SPEEL-lee dee see-koo-RET-tsa* (spilli di sicurezza)
sailors	mah-ree-NAH-ee (marinai)
salad	*een-sa-LA-ta* (insalata)
salt	*SA-lay* (sale)
Saturday	*SA-ba-to* (sabato)
say	
How do you say___?	*KO-may see K‿YA-ma___?* (Come si chiama___?)
or	*KO-may see DEE-chay___?* (Come si dice___?)
servant	*oon ka-mayr-YA Y-ray* (un cameriere)
seven	*SET-tay* (sette)
seventeen	*dee-chass-SET-tay* (diciassette)
seventy	*set-TAHN-ta* (settanta)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
shave	
I want to be shaved	*day-ZEE-day-ro FAR-mee la BAR-ba* (Desidero farmi la barba)
shaving brush	*pen-NEL-lo payr BAR-ba* (pennello payr barba)
shaving soap	*sa-PO-nay payr BAR-ba* (sapone per barba)
she	*ESS-sa* (essa)
sheets	*lent-SWO-la* (lenzuola)
shirt	*ka-MEE-cha* (camicia)
shoes	*SKAR-pay* (scarpe)
shoe laces	*LAHT-chee da SKAR-pay* (lacci da scarpe)
shoe polish	*CHA Y-ra payr SKAR-pay* (cera per scarpe)
shoemaker	*kahl-tso-LA-yo* (calzolaio)
sick	*ahm-ma-LA-to* (ammalato)
or	*ahm-ma-LA-tee* (ammalati)
sir	*seen-YO-ray* (signore)
six	*SA Y* (sei)
sixteen	*SA Y-dee-chee* (sedici)
sixty	*sess-SAHN-ta* (sessanta)
sleep	*dor-MEE-ray* (dormire)
slowly	*ah-DA-jo* (adagio)
soap	*sa-PO-nay* (sapone)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
soup	*mee-NESS-tra* (minestra)
speak	*par-LA-tay* (parlate)
Speak slowly	*par-LA-tay ah-DA-jo* (Parlate adagio)
spinach	*spee-NA-chee* (spinaci)
spoon	*kook-K‿YA-yo* (cucchiaio)
spring	*sor-JEN-tay* (sorgente)
start	
it starts	*ko-MEEN-cha* (comincia)
When does the movie start?	*ah KAY O-ra ko-MEEN-cha eel FEELM?* (A che ora comincia il film?)
station	*stahts-YO-nay* (stazione)
Where is the railroad station?	*do-VA Y la stahts-YO-nay?* (Dov'è la stazione?)
steak	*bee-STEK-ka* (bistecca)
Stop!	*fayr-MA-tay-vee!* (Fermatevi!)
straight ahead	*dee-REET-to* (diritto)
street	*STRA-da* (strada)
main street	*STRA-da preen-chee-PA-lay* (strada principale)
sugar	*TSOOK-kay-ro* (zucchero)
Sunday	*do-MA Y-nee-ka* (domenica)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
	T
tailor	*SAR-to* (sarto)
take	
take a bath	*PREN-day-ray oon BAHN-yo* (prendere un bagno)
Take cover!	*MET-tayr-see ahl ree-FA-ro!* (Mettersi al riparo!)
Take me there	*ahk-kohm-pahn-YA-tay-mee LA* (Accompagnatemi là)
Take me to a doctor	*ahk-kohm-pahn-YA-tay-mee da oon MAY-dee-ko* (Accompagnatemi da un medico)
Take me to the hospital	*ahk-kohm-pahn-YA-tay-mee ahl-lo-spay-DA-lay* (Accompagnatemi all'ospedale)
tea	*TAY* (tè)
a cup of tea	*oo-na TAHT-tsa dee TAY* (una tazza di tè)
telegraph office	*loof-FEE-cho tay-lay-GRA-fee-ko* (l'ufficio telegrafico)
telephone	*tay-LAY-fo-no* (telefono)
ten	*D_YAY-chee* (dieci)
thank you	*GRAHTS-yay* (grazie)
the	*eel* (il)
or	*la* (la)
or	*ee* (i)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
there	*LA* (là)
Take me there	*ahk-kohm-pahn-YA-tay-mee LA* (Accompagnatemi là)
they	*ESS-see* (essi)
thirsty	
I am thirsty	*O SAY-tay* (Ho sete)
thirteen	*TRAY-dee-chee* (tredici)
thirty	*TREN-ta* (trenta)
thirty-one	*tren-TOO-no* (trentuno)
thirty-two	*tren-ta-DOO-ay* (trentadue)
this	*KWESS-to* (questo)
What's this?	*ko-ZAY KWESS-to?* (Cos'è questo?)
thousand	*MEEL-lay* (mille)
thread	*FEE-lo* (filo)
three	*TRAY* (tre)
Thursday	*jo-vay-DEE* (giovedì)
time	
At what time?	*ah KAY O-ra?* (A che ora?)
What time is it?	*kay O-ra AY?* (Che ora è?)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
tired	*STAHN-ko* (stanco)
or	*STAHN-kee* (stanchi)
to	
to a doctor	*da oon MAY-dee-ko* (da un medico)
to a hospital	*ahl-lo-spay-DA-lay* (all'ospedale)
three minutes to nine	*lay NO-vay MAY-no TRAY* (le nove meno tre)
tobacco	*ta-BAHK-ko* (tabacco)
pipe tobacco	*ta-BAHK-ko payr PEE-pa* (tabacco per pipa)
today	*OHD-jee* (oggi)
toilet	*ga-bee-NET-to* (gabinetto)
Where is a toilet?	*do-VAY eel ga-bee-NET-to?* (Dov'è il gabinetto?)
tomato	*po-mo-DO-ro* (pomodoro)
tomorrow	*do-MA-nee* (domani)
too expensive	*TROHP-po KA-ro* (troppo caro)
tooth paste	*PA-sta den-tee-FREE-cha* (pasta dentifricia)
toothbrush	*spaht-tso-LEE-no da DEN-tee* (spazzolino di denti)
towel	*ah-shoo-ga-MA-no* (asciugamano)
town	*pa-AY-zay* (paese)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
the nearest town	*eel pa-A Y-zay P_YOO vee-CHEE-no* (il paese più vicino)
train	*TRA Y-no* (treno)
When does the train leave?	*ah KA Y O-ra PAR-tay eel TR:Y-no?* (A che ora parte il treno?)
Tuesday	*mar-tay-DEE* (martedì)
Turn!	*JEE-ra!* (Gira!)
Turn left	*JEE-ra ah see-NEE-stra* (Gira a sinistra)
Turn right	*JEE-ra ah DESS-tra* (Gira a destra)
twelve	*DO-dee-chee* (dodici)
twenty	*VEN-tee* (venti)
twenty-one	*ven-TOO-no* (ventuno)
twenty-two	*ven-tee-DOO-ay* (ventidue)
two	*DOO-ay* (due)
two o'clock	*SO-no lay DOO-ay* (Sono le due)

U

undershirt	*MAHL-ya* (maglia)
undershorts	*moo-TAHN-day* (mutande)
understand	
Do you understand?	*ah-VA Y-tay ka-PEE-to?* (Avete capito?)
I don't understand	*NOHN ka-PEE-sko* (Non capisco)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
	V
veal	*vee-TEL-lo* (vitello)
vegetables	*vayr-DOO-ra* (verdura)
or	*lay-GOO-mee* (legumi)
	W
Wait a minute!	*ah-spet-TA-tay oon mee-NOO-to!* (Aspettate un minuto!)
want	
I want___ *or* I want *to*___	*day-ZEE-day-ro*___ (desidero___)
or	*VOHL-yo*___ (voglio___)
We want___	*day-zee-dayr-YA-mo* (desideriamo)
wash up	
I want to wash up	*day-ZEE-day-ro la-VAR-mee* (Desidero lavarmi)
Watch out!	*aht-tents-YO-nay!* (Attenzione!)
water	*AHK-kwa* (acqua)
boiled water	*AHK-kwa bohl-LEE-ta* (acqua bollita)
drinking water	*AHK-kwa po-TA-bee-lay* (acqua potabile)
hot water	*AHK-kwa KAHL-da* (acqua calda)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
we	
We are	*S_YA-mo* (Siamó)
We have	*abh-B_YA-mo* (Abbiamo)
We don't have	*nohn ahb-B_YA-mo* (Non abbiamo)
We want___.	*day-zee-dayr-YA-mo___* (Desideriamo___)
Wednesday	*mayr-ko-lay-DEE* (mercoledì)
well (for water)	*POHT-tso* (pozzo)
well	*BAY-nay* (bene)
I am well	*STO BAY-nay* (Sto bene)
what	*KO-za* (cosa)
At what time	*ah KAY O-ra* (A che ora?)
What is this?	*ko-ZAY KWESS-to?* (Cos'è questo?)
What is your name?	*KO-may see K_YA-ma?* (Come si chiama?)
What time is it?	*kay O-ra AY?* (Che ora è?)
when	
When does the movie start?	*ah KAY O-ra ko-MEEN-cha eel FEELM?* (A che ora comincia il film?)
When does the train leave?	*ah KAY O-ra PAR-tay eel TRAY-no?* (A che ora parte il treno?)

English	*Pronunciation and Italian Spelling*
where	*DO-vay* (dove)
Where are they?	*DO-vay SO-no?* (Dove sono?)
Where is it?	*do-VA Y?* (Dov'è?)
Where is there___?	*DO-vay CHA Y___?* (Dove c'è___?)
Where can I find *or* get___?	*DO-vay POHSS-so tro-VA-ray___?* (Dove posso trovare___?)
which	*KWA-lay* (quale)
Which is the road to___?	*kwa-LA Y la STRA-da payr___?* (Qual'è la strada per___?)
Which way is north?	*do-VA Y eel NORD?* (Dov'è il nord?)
wine	*VEE-no* (vino)
a bottle of wine	*oon F_YA-sko dee VEE-no* (un fiasco di vino)
workman	*o-pay-RA-yo* (operaio)
wounded	*fay-REE-to* (ferito)
or	*fay-REE-tee* (feriti)

Y

yes	*SEE* (sì)
yesterday	*YA Y-ree* (ieri)
you	*VOY* (voi)
Are you?	*S_YA Y-tay?* (Siete?)
Have you?	*ah-VA Y-tay?* (Avete?)
I will pay you	*vee pa-gay-RO* (Vi pagherò)

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